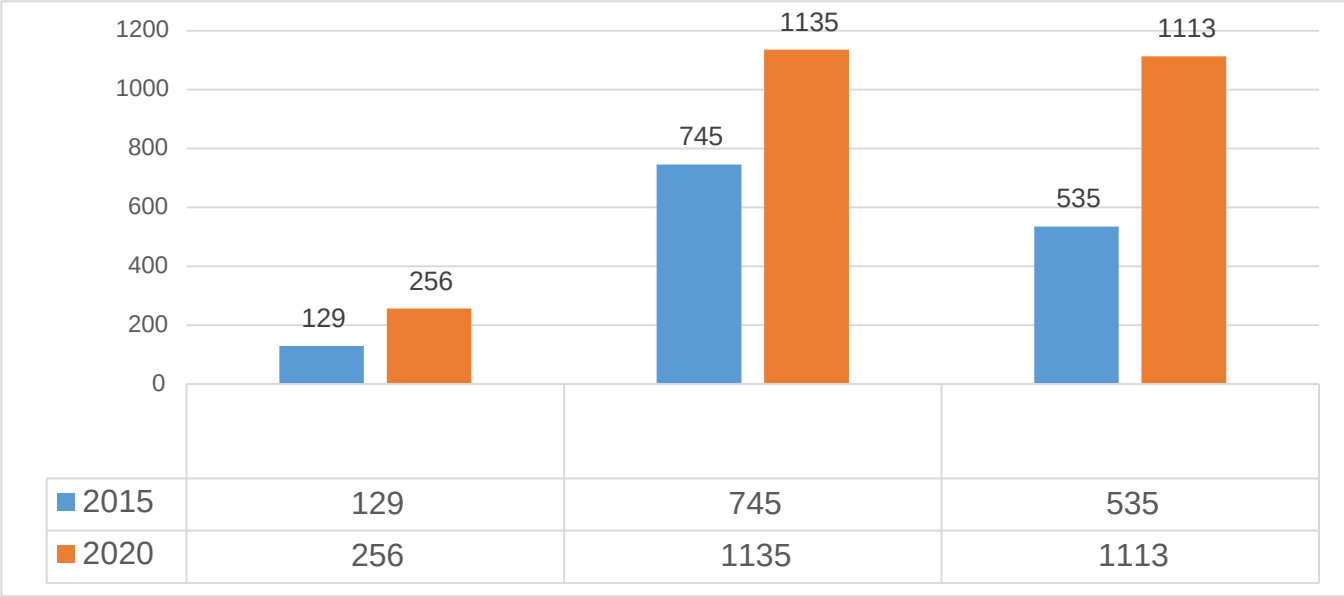
Guideline for Graduate Freshmen

USST Graduate Students School

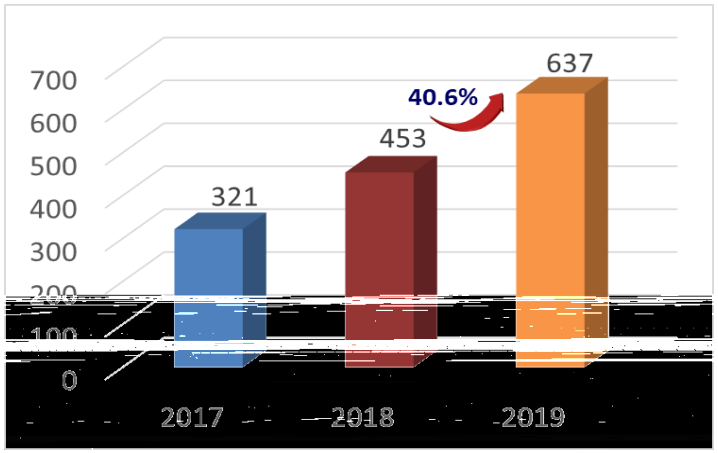
2020-09-16

ü In 2020, Doctoral degree supervisor 256 τ Master degree supervisor 1135;



ü Since 2010, all Doctoral degree dissertations are subject to national quality check τ

ü High quality publications by graduate students as first author increased dramatically;



The SCI journal paper publication by graduate students increase in recent 3 years

The A level publication by graduate students increases in recent 3 years

Master students:

Full time study period: 2.5 years – 3 years;

The maximum study period is no longer than 5 years (Including suspension and retention of school status)

Doctoral degree candidates

Full time study period: 3 years;

Normally, maximum study period is no longer than 6 years (Including suspension and retention of school status)

Special situation, with proper approval, the longest period is 8 years. (Including suspension and retention of school status)

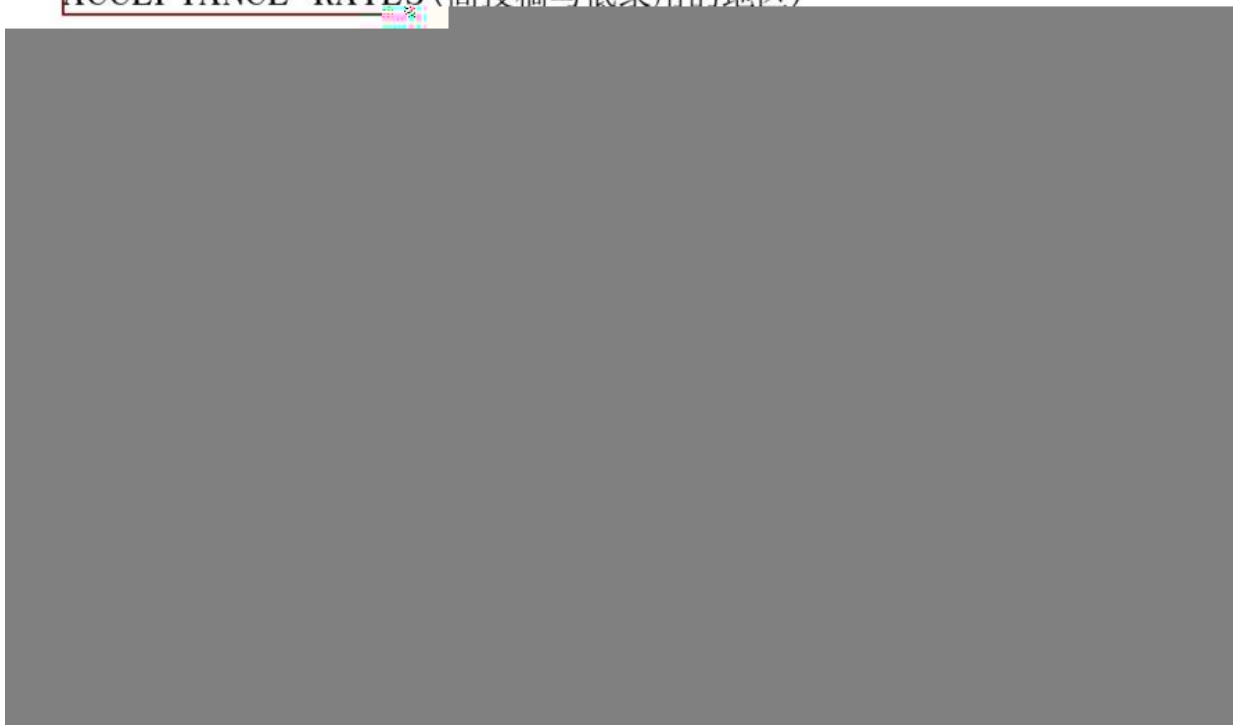
- **Academic Ethics education on scientific morality for graduate freshmen has been carried out since 2011.**

- **It is very important for the whole academic life.**

3. 1 Science and technology are the first productive forces

Integrity is the most important thing

ACCEPTANCE RATES（高投稿与低录用的地区）



3. 2 scientific morality and some cases

Case 1 In 2019, a famous actor was stripped of his Ph.D;
His qualification of postdoctoral recruitment was canceled.
The supervisor was disqualified by his university.

北大关于翟天临的新声明-翟天临退站，导师取消博士...

来自: 芒果✨ 2019-02-16 16:08:50

标题：北大关于翟天临的新声明-翟天临退站，导师取消博士后招聘资格，面试小组批评检查，日后博士后招收加强监督

我觉得很严肃了，为什么有人觉得还不够？看各组都一片骂的？

北大教授的入职竞争很严的，翟是水货但合作导师的学术成就又不是假的，这一次配合炒作放低标准这种虚假事件很恶劣，但就此否定导师也很奇怪。有一说一，光华管理学院本来就是北大和社会接触最多的院，一批企业高管什么的MBA之类的尤其前几年也拿的挺虚的。不止北大，各个国内外名校的MBA都有这种学生为了镀金学校为了赚钱你情我愿的潜规则交易情况。况且博士后招收基本是导师个人和研究组的决定，上升整个北大也过了。

Doctors who don't understand CNKI are not real doctors

3.2 scientific morality and some cases

Case 3 Japan in 2014 – Nature– Supervisor suicide

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小保方晴子造假事件 编辑

本词条缺少**名片图**，补充相关内容使词条更完整，还能快速升级，赶紧来编辑吧！

日本女子小保方晴子2014年1月因在英国权威学术期刊《自然》发表具有突破性的干细胞研究论文造假事件。

中文名	小保方晴子造假事件	造假人	小保方晴子
时 间	2014年1月	递交申诉时间	2014年4月8日

日本女子小保方晴子因2014年1月因在英国权威学术期刊《自然》发表具有突破性的干细胞研究论文而名声大噪，甚至被追捧为有望冲击诺贝尔奖的"日本居里夫人"。然而，她的论文很快引起造假质疑。

小保方2014年4月9日召开新闻发布会，承认自己"疏忽大意、学业不精、不成熟"。[1]

出生于1983年的小保方晴子及其研究团队1月在英国《自然》杂志上发表论文说，他们把体细胞放入弱酸性溶液中并施加刺激，成功培育出能分化为多种细胞的STAP"万能细胞"。

因培养过程简单安全，有望给再生医疗带来新思路，论文发表后备受关注。然而，很快便有众多研究人员对论文提出诸多疑点。在舆论压力下，理化学研究所2014年2月中旬成立专门委员会调查论文材料可信性。委员会4月1日公布报告，认定小保方研

3.4 Originality, Authenticity, Honesty and Respect

Yuan Longping (Father of hybrid rice, won the first national highest science award)

Chinese hybrid rice breeding expert, the pioneer of Hybrid Rice Research and development in China, is known as "the father of hybrid rice in the world".

Yuan Longping is a pioneer and leader in the field of hybrid rice research. He is committed to the research of hybrid rice, and because of him, the goal of feeding 21% of the population on 7% of the cultivated land in CHINA realized.

Academic Ethics ²Reasarch Achievement

microscopic

macroscopic

Imaging(super-resolution)

LED & OLED & LASER DISPLAY

THZ Security System & Endoscopy & Fiber optic current sensor